FDAD-Health Requirements and Services: Communicable Diseases

Reports

The Principal shall report to the local health authority or to the Utah Department of Health those students attending school who are suspected of having a reportable disease or condition, as defined by state law and the Utah Department of Health.

Utah Code Ann. 26-6-6 Utah Admin. R386-702-4

Exclusion

The Principal, at the direction of local health officers, an official of the State Department of Health, or the county attorney, shall exclude from attendance any student suffering from a reportable disease, as defined by the Utah Department of Health, until directed otherwise by the same officials.

Utah Code Ann. 26-6-4 Utah Admin. R 386-702-4

Re-Admittance

Students excluded for reason of communicable disease shall be readmitted as determined by the local or state health authority or county attorney.

Utah Code Ann 26-6-4 Utah Admin. R 386-702-4

Communicable Disease Report

The following diseases are to be reported in writing to the Utah Department of Health or to the local health department. Those diseases

followed by an asterisk (*) must be reported by telephone immediately upon discovery, as well as in writing. Those diseases followed by two asterisks (**) should only be reported as numbers of cases occurring. No individual case information need be reported for them. Otherwise, each report should include the name of the student afflicted, age, sex, address, date of onset, and such other information as prescribed by the State Department of Health. If available, the report form supplied by the Department of Health should be used.

Utah Admin. R 386-702-3

Diseases to be reported:

- 1) AIDS-Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
- 2) Adverse event resulting after smallpox vaccination
- 3) Amebiasis (amebic dysentery)
- 4) Arbovirus infection
- 5) Anthrax (*)
- 6) Botulism (≯)
- 7) Brucellosis (undulant fever)
- 8) Cancer should be reported to: Utah Cancer Registry, 420 Chipeta Way, Suite 190, Salt Lake City, Utah 84108
- 9) Campylobacteriosis
- 10) Chickenpox
- 11) Chlamydia trachomatis infection
- 12) Cholera (*)
- 13) Coccidioidomycosis
- 14) Colorado tick fever

- 15) Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease and other transmissible human spongiform encephalopathies
- 16) Cryptosporidiosis
- 17) Cyclospora infection
- 18) Dengue fever
- 19) Diphtheria (*)
- 20) Echinococcosis
- 21) Ehrlichiosis, human granulocytic, human monocytic, or unspecified
- 22) Encephalitis (post-infectious, arthropod-borne and unspecified)
- 23) Enterococcal infection, vancomycin-resistant
- 24) Enterohermorrhagic Escherichia coli (EHEC) infection, including Escherichia coli 0157:H7
- 25) Food poisoning (all types)
- 26) Giardiasis
- 27) Gonorrhea: sexually transmitted and ophthalmia neonatorum
- 28) Haemophilus influenzae, invasive disease
- 29) Hantavirus infection and pulmonary syndrome
- 30) Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome, postdiarrheal
- 31) Hepatitis A
- 32) Hepatitis B, cases and carriers
- 33) Hepatitis C, acute and chronic infection
- 34) Hepatitis, other viral
- 35) Human Immunodeficiency Virus Infection. Reporting requirements are listed in R388-803.

- 36) Hydatidosis (echinococcosis)
- 37) Influenza-associated hospitalization (**)
- 38) Influenza-associated death if the individual was less than 18 years of age
- 39) Legionellosis
- 40) Leprosy (Hansen's disease)
- 41) Leptospirosis (Weills disease and other leptospiral infections)
- 42) Listeriosis
- 43) Lyme Disease
- 44) Malaria
- 45) Measles
- 46) Meningitis, aseptic and bacterial Meningococcemia
- 47) Meningococcal Disease, invasive
- 48) Mumps (**)
- 49) Norovirus, formerly called Norwalk-like virus, infection
- 50) Pelvic Inflammatory Disease
- 51) Pertussis (*) (whooping cough)
- 52) Plague (*)
- 53) Poliomyelitis (*) (paralytic)
- 54) Psittacosis (ornithosis)
- 55) Q Fever
- 56) Rabies (*) (human and animal)
- 57) Relapsing fever (*) (tick-borne and louse-borne)

- 58) Reye syndrome
- 59) Rheumatic fever
- 60) Rocky Mountain spotted fever
- 61) Rubella (German measles)
- 62) Rubella, congenital syndrome
- 63) Rubeola (*) (red measles)
- 64) Saint Louis encephalitis
- 65) Salmonellosis
- 66) Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)
- 67) Shigellosis
- 68) Smallpox (≯)
- 69) Staphylococcal diseases
- 70) Tetanus (*)
- 71) Toxic shock syndrome, staphyloccal or streptococcal
- 72) Trichinosis
- 73) Tuberculosis
- 74) Tularemia
- 75) Typhoid (*) (cases and carriers)
- 76) Typhus (*)
- 77) Venereal diseases:
 - a) Chancroid
 - b) Gonorrhea
 - c) Granuloma inguinale

- d) Lymphogranuloma venereum
- e) Syphilis
- 78) Viral hemorrhagic fever

79) West Nile virus infection

80) Yellow Fever (*)

Any outbreak or epidemic, including suspected or confirmed outbreaks of food-borne or water-borne disease. Any unusual occurrence of infectious or communicable disease or any unusual or increased occurrence of any illness that may indicate an outbreak, epidemic, Bioterrorism event, or public health hazard, including any newly recognized, emergent or re-emergent disease or disease producing agent, including newly identified multi-drug resistant bacteria.

Utah Code Ann. 26-6-7 Utah Admin. R 386-702-3

All reports made by school personnel are confidential, but full assistance shall be given to attending physicians or public health workers.

Utah Admin. R 386-702-4(10)